





## *The Titahi Bay School Policy Framework*

Therefore, the principal must ensure that they:

1. determine the composition of the various appointment committees according to the schedule outlined below:
  - a. Appointment of the deputy-principal, head of departments/senior teachers will involve an appointment committee consisting of the principal, the board chair and a further trustee (should the board feel the need to include one).
  - b. Unless determined otherwise by the board, appointment of all other teachers, part time teachers, long term relieving teachers, and non teaching staff will be the responsibility of the principal in consultation with the board chair or delegate where deemed necessary.
2. have school procedures in place and fully implemented that meet all legislative requirements regarding safety checking, police vetting and screening of all staff

Appointment of the principal is the responsibility of the board which will determine the process

Review schedule: Triennially

### **4. Financial Planning Policy**

The board of trustees has overall responsibility for the financial management of the school but delegates the day-to-day management of the school's finance's and budget to the principal. The principal, in association with the Board's Finance Committee, is responsible for recommending an annual operating and capital budget to the board within the timelines specified in the Finance Committee terms of reference.

Budgeting shall not fail to reflect the annual plan, risk financial jeopardy nor fail to show a generally acceptable level of foresight.

Thus the budget should:

1. reflect the results sought by the board
2. reflect the priorities as established by the board
3. comply where the board's requirement is for a balanced budget
4. demonstrate an appropriate degree of conservatism in all estimates

Review schedule: Triennially

### **5. Financial Condition Policy**

The financial viability of the school must be protected at all times. The board understands that the possibility of theft or fraud cannot be entirely eliminated however the principal is required to show there are in place safeguards and robust, clear procedures to minimise the risk of either event.

**Resource:** Reference should be made to 5.4 of the Financial Information for Schools Handbook (FISH). Therefore, the principal must ensure that:

1. unauthorised debt or liability is not incurred
2. generally accepted accounting practices or principles are not violated
3. tagged/committed funds are not used for purposes other than those approved
4. more funds than have been allocated in the fiscal year are not spent without prior board approval
5. all money owed to the school is collected in a timely manner
6. timely payment to staff and other creditors is made
7. unauthorised property is not sold or purchased
8. all relevant government returns are completed on time
9. no one person has complete authority over the school's financial transactions

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10. the Principal shall not make:
  - a. any purchase of over \$2,000 without having obtained comparative prices and quality
  - b. any unbudgeted purchase of over \$2,000 without seeking board chair or finance trustee's approval
  - c. any budgeted purchase of over \$10,000 without seeking board chair or finance trustee's approval
11. for purchases of over \$2000 an adequate review on ongoing costs, value and reliability is undertaken
12. effective systems are in place to meet the requirements of the payroll system

Review schedule: Triennially

### **6. Asset Protection Policy**

Assets may not be unprotected, inadequately maintained or unnecessarily risked. The principal is delegated day to day responsibility for ensuring that the programming and funding of general maintenance of the school grounds, buildings, facilities and other assets occurs in order to provide a clean, safe, tidy and hygienic work and learning environment for students and staff. Accordingly, the principal must:

1. all board assets are insured
2. not allow unauthorised personnel or groups to handle funds or school property
3. not subject plant and equipment to improper wear and tear or insufficient maintenance or inappropriate use
4. maintain an up to date asset register for all items of furnishing, plant machinery, equipment, text and library books costing more than \$500.00
5. ensure the implementation of the 10 year property maintenance plan
6. engage sufficient property maintenance staff for the school within budget limitations
7. receive board approval for maintenance contracts over \$5000 for any one contract
8. conduct competitive tenders for all contracting
9. protect intellectual property, information and files from loss or significant damage or unauthorised access or duplication
10. not receive, process or disburse funds under controls that are insufficient to meet the board-appointed auditor's standards
11. not invest or hold operating capital in insecure accounts, or in non-interest bearing accounts except where necessary to facilitate ease in operational transactions

Review schedule: Triennially

### **7. Protection and sharing of intellectual property (creative commons)**

Learning resources and other materials created by school staff in the course of their employment are an important asset and form a large part of the school's intellectual capital. The open and free exchange of information, knowledge and resources, and the collaborative production of copyright works that are made freely available allows our students' access to a wider range of high quality learning resources and materials than would otherwise be possible. The purpose of this policy is to ensure that the board's access to materials produced by the board's employees in the course of their employment is protected, while encouraging staff to share these works with others. The Board of Trustees of Titahi Bay School therefore:

1. Recognises that the board of trustees holds first ownership of copyright of works produced by the board's employees in the course of their employment under section 21(2) of the Copyright Act 1994 (NZ).
2. Delegates to the principal the responsibility to
  - a. Apply by default a Creative Commons Attribution Licence to all teaching materials and policies in which the board of trustees of the school owns copyright.
  - b. Apply a Creative Commons Attribution licence to other copyright works, aside from those described in (2)
  - c. Transfer to the original creator the copyright in created works licensed by the school under a Creative Commons Attribution or Creative Commons Share-Alike licence

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- d. Ensure that all staff are aware of the terms of this policy and how it relates to teaching resources they develop in the course of their employment at the school
3. Does not make any claim over the ownership of copyright works produced by students. The copyright to these works remains with the creator.
4. Recognises that this policy only applies to copyright works, and not to any other forms of intellectual property.
5. Recognises that the copyright in works produced by an employee other than in the course of their employment by the board of trustees of the school remains the property of that employee. Where this is unclear, the process for dispute resolution, outlined below, shall apply.

### **Resolution of disputed copyright ownership**

Where the first ownership of copyright in a given work is disputed or unclear, the following process will apply:

1. In the first instance the dispute should be documented and presented to the school principal.
2. If the dispute is still not resolved then the documentation should be presented to the chairman of the board of trustees.
3. If the dispute is still not resolved following 1) and 2), mediation with an appropriate authority will be undertaken.

*(1 & 2 above should be replaced with the school's dispute resolution process, where appropriate.)* .....

### **Definitions**

**Creative Commons:** An international non-profit that provides free open licences that copyright holders can use to share their work.

**Teaching Materials:** Copyright works produced by employees of the school for the purposes of teaching.

Review schedule: Triennially

## **8. Health and Safety Policy**

The board is committed to providing and maintaining a safe and healthy workplace and to providing the information, training and supervision needed to achieve this to ensure the health and safety of all students, staff and other people in the workplace. The board is responsible for ensuring health and safety procedures are developed and implemented, however, employees need to be aware of their responsibilities and comply with the board's health and safety policy and school procedures.

The board will, as far as is reasonably practicable;[1] comply with the provisions of legislation dealing with health and safety in the workplace, by:

- providing a safe physical and emotional learning environment
- ensuring a health and safety strategy/plan is in place and engagement and consultation with workers and the school community on the strategy occurs
- providing adequate facilities, including ensuring access and ensuring property and equipment is safe to use and students and workers are not exposed to hazards
- ensuring there is an effective method in place for identifying, assessing and controlling hazards. This includes recording and investigating injuries, and reporting serious harm incidents
- having a commitment to a culture of continuous improvement

The principal, as Officer has responsibility for implementing this policy and therefore must:

- exercise due diligence in accordance with the provisions of the health and safety legislation, and in particular the six due diligence obligations[2]
- take all reasonable steps to protect students, staff and visitors to the school from unsafe or unhealthy conditions or practices
- ensure that the staff code of conduct is implemented effectively
- ensure there is zero tolerance to unacceptable behaviour, such as bullying, and that there are effective processes in place
- provide a smoke free environment
- ensure a risk analysis management system (RAMS) is in place and carried out
- seek approval for overnight stays/camps/visits attesting first to their compliance with above

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- consult with the community every two years regarding the health programme being delivered to students
- provide information and training opportunities to employees
- advise the board chair of any emergency situations as soon as possible
- ensure all employees and other workers at the school will take reasonable care to:
  - cooperate with school health and safety procedures
  - comply with the health and safety legislation, duties of workers
  - ensure their own safety at work
- promote and contribute to a safety conscious culture at the school.

Review schedule: Triennially

### **9. Child Protection Policy**

This policy outlines the board's commitment to child protection and recognises the important role and responsibility of all our staff in the protection of children. It includes the board's expectations when child abuse is reported or suspected by us.

All staff members (including contractors and volunteers) are expected to be familiar with this policy, its associated procedures and protocols and abide by them.

The board of trustees has an obligation to ensure the wellbeing of children in our care so they thrive, belong and achieve. We are committed to the prevention of child abuse and neglect and to the protection of all children. The safety and wellbeing of the child is our top priority. Advice will be sought through appropriate agencies in all cases of suspected or alleged abuse.

In line with section 15 of the Children, Young Person and Their Families Act, any person in our school/kura who believes that any child or young person has been, or is likely to be, harmed (whether physically, emotionally, or sexually) ill-treated, abused, neglected, or deprived must follow school procedures and may also report the matter to a social worker or the local police.

Although ultimate accountability sits with the board, the board delegates responsibility to the principal to ensure that all child safety procedures are implemented and available to all staff, contractors, volunteers and parents. Therefore, the principal must:

1. Develop appropriate procedures to meet child safety requirements as required and appropriate to the school
2. Comply with relevant legislative requirements and responsibilities
3. Make this policy available on the school's internet site or available on request
4. Ensure that every contract, or funding arrangement, that the school enters into requires the adoption of child protection policies where required
5. Ensure the interests and protection of the child are paramount in all circumstances
6. Recognise the rights of family/whanau to participate in the decision-making about their children
7. Ensure that all staff are able to identify the signs and symptoms of potential abuse and neglect, deal with disclosures by children and allegations against staff members and are able to take appropriate action in response
8. Support all staff to work in accordance with this policy, to work with partner agencies and organisations to ensure child protection policies are understood and implemented
9. Promote a culture where staff feel confident they can constructively challenge poor practice or raise issues of concern without fear of reprisal

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10. Consult, discuss and share relevant information, in line with our commitment to confidentiality and information sharing protocols, in a timely way regarding any concerns about an individual child with the board or designated person
11. Seek advice as necessary from NZSTA advisors on employment matters and other relevant agencies where child safety issues arise
12. Make available professional development, resources and/or advice to ensure all staff can carry out their roles in terms of this policy
13. Ensure that this policy forms part of the initial staff induction programme for each staff member

**Review schedule:** Within 3 years

### **Related documentation and information**

- Further information including frequently asked questions (FAQ's) are available on the NZSTA website [www.nzsta.org.nz](http://www.nzsta.org.nz)
- Ministry of Education website [www.education.govt.nz](http://www.education.govt.nz)
- Vulnerable Children Act 2014
- Further information and sample child protection templates are available in the Children's Action Plan guideline Safer Organisations, Safer Children: <http://www.childrensactionplan.govt.nz/assets/CAP-Uploads/childrens-workforce/Safer-Organisations-safer-children.pdf>

## **10. Legal Responsibilities Policy**

School procedures will meet the legislative statutes and regulations as set down in the appropriate Acts, Ministry of Education circulars and the Education Gazette.

Review schedule: Triennially

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[1] **Reasonably practicable** means what is or was reasonably able to be done at a particular time to ensure health and safety, taking into account and weighing up all relevant matters.

[2] know about work health and safety matters and keep up-to-date, gain an understanding of the operations of the organisation and the hazards and risks generally associated with those operations, ensure the PCBU has appropriate resources and processes to eliminate or minimise those risks, ensure the PCBU has appropriate processes for receiving information about incidents, hazards and risks, and for responding to that information, ensure there are processes for complying with any duty, and that these are implemented, verify that these resources and processes are in place and being used.